

DOWCAL™

Inhibited glycol-based heat transfer fluids

Guide to products and applications

DOW



Table of contents

Introduction DOWCAL™ Fluids and sustainability	pg. 3
Applications and product recommendations	pg. 4
• Construction and infrastructure	pg. 4
• Industrial	pg. 5
• Food and beverage	pg. 6
• Other applications	pg. 7
Corrosion protection capabilities	pg. 8
Using DOWCAL™ Fluids	pg. 10
• Material compatibility	pg. 10
• Fluid handling	pg. 11
• System design	pg. 11
Heat transfer fluid selection calculator	pg. 12
Selecting the right DOWCAL™ Fluid	pg. 13
Product information and physical properties of DOWCAL™ Fluids	pg. 14
• DOWCAL™ 100	pg. 14
• DOWCAL™ 200	pg. 16
• DOWCAL™ 100E	pg. 18
• DOWCAL™ 200E	pg. 20
• DOWCAL™ N	pg. 22

DOWCAL™ Inhibited Glycol-based Fluids

High performance heat transfer fluids offer sustainable solutions

Advantages of DOWCAL™ Heat Transfer Fluids

What are DOWCAL™ Heat Transfer Fluids? Ethylene or Propylene glycol-based liquids with our signature corrosion inhibitors for optimum system performance, Dow offers a full range of DOWCAL™ Heat Transfer Fluids to meet your specific system requirements.

Long-lasting performance

DOWCAL™ Fluids are also long-lasting and can be operated for many years in properly maintained systems. Their special corrosion inhibitor package supports higher temperature operation compared to alternative technologies.

Corrosion protection

DOWCAL™ Fluids are formulated with carefully chosen corrosion inhibitors to provide protection to the metallic parts of process equipment, therefore improving process efficiency and reducing maintenance costs. DOWCAL™ Fluids are very efficient at protecting aluminum.

Expert technical support

As a Dow heat transfer fluids customer, you have direct access to our industry leading heat transfer expertise, including our in-depth and highly diversified application experience. Dow heat transfer specialists will help you select the exact fluid you require, then work with you to properly install and optimize fluid operation for best results. Contact us as indicated on the back of this brochure to learn more about our services and to begin working with our experts on your successful heat transfer project.

Sustainability

Safe for use

DOWCAL™ 100E and DOWCAL™ 200E are borate, nitrate and CMR (carcinogenic, mutagenic, and reprotoxic) free.

DOWCAL™ GEO-100 and DOWCAL™ GEO-200 are borate, nitrate, CMR (carcinogenic, mutagenic, and reprotoxic) free and on positive list of LAWA (German Working Group on water issues of the Federal States and the Federal Government represented by the Federal Environment Ministry).

DOWCAL™ N Fluid is approved by the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF). It is suitable as a heat transfer medium for food and beverage plants.



Selecting the right DOWCAL™ Fluid

DOWCAL™ Fluids are used successfully in a wide range of applications, from renewable energy, HVAC systems and geothermal heat pumps, to chemical, pharmaceutical and food processing. Your choice of fluid will depend both on where it will be used and your operating temperature requirements. Specific properties depending on temperature and concentration can be calculated with Dow’s FLUIDFILE™ Software available at www.dow.com.

	DOWCAL™ 100	DOWCAL™ 100E	DOWCAL™ 200	DOWCAL™ 200E	DOWCAL™ GEO-100	DOWCAL™ GEO-200	DOWCAL™ N
Based on ethylene glycol	*	*			*		
Based on propylene glycol			*	*		*	*1
Recommended for cooling	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Recommended for heating	*		*				
NSF certified ²							*
Free from borate ³		*		*	*	*	*

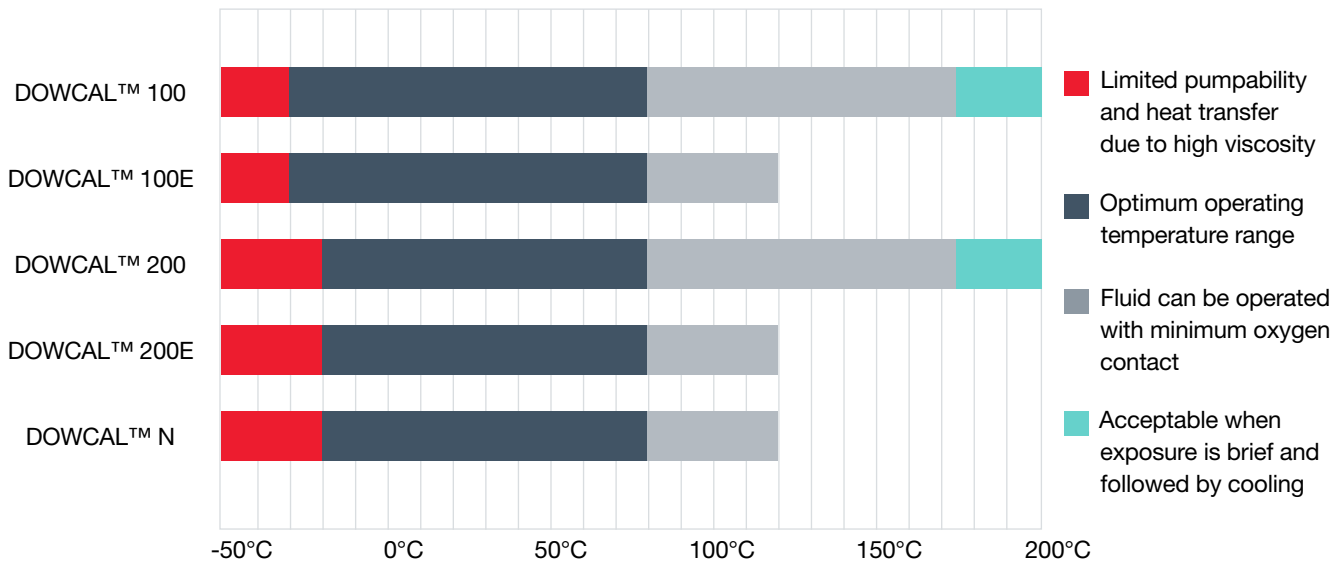
1: Based on high purity propylene glycol USP/EP

2: National Sanitation Foundation

3: DOWCAL™ 100E, 200E, GEO-100, GEO-200, and N grades are borate free, being manufactured without added borate.

These are typical properties, not to be construed as specifications.

DOWCAL™ 100 and DOWCAL™ 200 have recommended operating temperature ranges of -50°C to 175°C while DOWCAL™ 100E, DOWCAL™ 200E and DOWCAL™ N have a recommended range from -50°C to 120°C. Efficiency and operating conditions can differ within those temperature ranges. Refer to the graphic below for guidance.



Note: If operated above 100°C, the fluid needs to be pressurized to avoid evaporation in the system

Applications and product recommendations

Construction and infrastructure

Application process	Recommended product(s)
<p>Ground source heat pumps: DOWCAL™ Geothermal Fluids are circulated through underground or underwater piping, carrying thermal energy to and from the building. To prevent freezing when the transfer fluid contacts the evaporating refrigerant at sub-zero temperatures, DOWCAL™ Geothermal Fluids can be circulated in the captors/probes.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ GEO-100 DOWCAL™ GEO-200</p>
<p>Solar heating: Active solar thermal systems, such as flat panel collectors, rely on the solar energy to heat-up DOWCAL™ Fluids, which are circulated in an area that requires heat.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ 200</p>
<p>HVAC (Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning): Modern HVAC systems frequently use a glycol based heat transfer fluid to transport heat and cold from heating and cooling units to the consumers. When designing, installing or operating these water-based HVAC systems, DOWCAL™ Fluids provide the required system protection against freezing and corrosion and provide efficient heat transfer for years with minimal maintenance.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ 100E DOWCAL™ 200E</p>
<p>Floor heating: Massive damage can be inflicted on warehouse floors due to frost heaving. This risk is reduced by embedding a grid of tubing in the soil beneath the floor and heating it with DOWCAL™ Fluid.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ 100 DOWCAL™ 200</p>
<p>Snow melting systems: A snow melting system consists of a network of pipes or tubing embedded in concrete or asphalt. A solution of heated DOWCAL™ Fluids and water is circulated through the pipes in order to melt snow and ice from bridges, service areas, roads and sidewalks.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ 100 DOWCAL™ 200</p>



Applications and product recommendations

Industrial

Application process	Recommended product(s)
<p>Process chilling, freeze protection and cooling: The chemical and petrochemical industries use secondary cooling for chilling purposes or to remove heat generated during processing. The choice of product depends on the use. DOWCAL™ Fluids are often used for process chilling because they are nonflammable in aqueous solutions and are low in corrosivity.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ 100E DOWCAL™ 200E</p>
<p>Process heating: In batch processing environments, such as pharmaceutical batch processing / multipurpose reactors in the pharmaceutical, reactors must be cooled and heated. DOWCAL™ 100 and DOWCAL™ 200 have a wide temperature range making them suitable to be used in both hot and cold loops.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ 100 DOWCAL™ 200</p>
<p>Heat recovery: Many industries operate heat recovery systems to improve the overall thermal efficiency of their processes. In this application, DOWCAL™ Fluids collect waste heat that would otherwise be expelled to the environment and pumps it to places where this thermal energy can be put to use.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ 100 DOWCAL™ 200</p>



Applications and product recommendations

Food and beverages

Facts of food and beverages contact

DOWCAL™ N Fluid is based on propylene glycol which is generally recognized as safe by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in section 21CFR184.1666 and meets the specifications of the Food Chemicals Codex, 6th edition (2008). It can therefore be used in indirect food application.

In Europe, the ingredients in DOWCAL™ N Fluids are listed in the Commission Regulation (EU) No 1130/2011 concerning food additives authorized for use in foodstuffs intended for human consumption. Propylene glycol (PG) is classified as E1520 in an amendment to European Union Directive 95/2/EC, which regulates human food additives and it is listed in Annex I of the Commission Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 as an authorized monomer and additive for plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with food.

Finally, DOWCAL™ N Fluid is approved by the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF). It is suitable as a heat transfer medium for food and beverage plants.

Application process	Recommended product(s)
<p>Cooling liquid: DOWCAL™ N Fluid is widely used in the beverage industry to cool products such as beer, wine, milk and juices.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ N</p>
<p>Fermentation cooling: Breweries and wineries use DOWCAL™ N Fluid to cool fermentation and wort tanks. The fluid's anti-corrosive properties safeguard the integrity of the piping systems.</p>	
<p>Packaging of carbonated beverages: DOWCAL™ N Fluid is used prior to bottling to cost-effectively chill and prevent loss of carbonation from carbonated beverages such as sparkling wines, champagne and beer.</p>	
<p>Refrigeration coil defrosting: When moisture from the air condenses on the refrigeration coils of walk-in freezers and chillers, frost build-up can result in loss of refrigeration efficiency. Sprayed directly onto the coils, DOWCAL™ N Fluid will prevent frost formation and, because it is hygroscopic, DOWCAL™ N Fluid also absorbs condensation.</p>	
<p>Immersion Freezing of Wrapped Foods: In the food industry, products sealed in airtight and watertight pouches are immersion-frozen in baths of DOWCAL™ N Fluid. This method is popular because it is fast and efficient while ensuring uniform freezing.</p>	



Applications and product recommendations

Other applications

Application process	Recommended product(s)
<p>Cooling of electronic systems and components: Liquid cooling is an effective technology in removing heat generated by electronics in established power conversion sectors such as motor drives, wind and solar inverters. Other developing application is on battery cooling.</p>	<p>DOWCAL™ 100E DOWCAL™ 200E DOWCAL™ 100 DOWCAL™ 200</p>
<p>Wind turbine systems: There are large and complex power electronics and these systems go through significant thermal stresses and generate heat under load. The components in these converters are cooled with DOWCAL™ Fluid loop.</p>	
<p>Photo-voltaic (PV) inverters: As the inverter works to convert DC power to AC power, it generates heat.</p>	
<p>DataCenter cooling: DataCenter OEMs want to replace conventional air cooling technology with liquid cooling using DOWCAL™ Heat Transfer Fluids.</p>	
<p>Ice skating rinks: Some of the most elite indoor ice arenas depend on DOWCAL™ Fluid to help keep the ice cool and consistent. For ice skating rinks, solutions containing DOWCAL™ Fluids are chilled by refrigeration equipment and then circulated through a network of pipes beneath the rink floor. The cold solution causes a layer of water to freeze into a smooth sheet of ice.</p>	



Corrosion protection capabilities

DOWCAL™ Fluids are made for a very broad range of applications. The specially formulated inhibitor packages of DOWCAL™ Fluids are effective in minimizing corrosion of a wide variety of metals that are used in industrial and residential applications, reducing maintenance costs and extending the life of the process equipment.

These inhibitors minimize corrosion of metals in two ways. First, they passivate the surface of metals, reacting with the surface or forming a layer on the surface to prevent acids from attacking it. Second, the inhibitors in DOWCAL™ Fluids buffer any acids formed as a result of glycol oxidation. All glycols produce organic acids as degradation products. This degradation is accelerated in the presence of oxygen and/or heat. Left in solution, acids lower pH and contribute to corrosion. Properly formulated inhibitors such as those in DOWCAL™ Fluids neutralize these acids and contribute to a long fluid life time. Many commonly available coolants – such as fluids with pure organic acid technology (OAT) – have little ability to buffer these degradation products and therefore need to be changed more frequently.

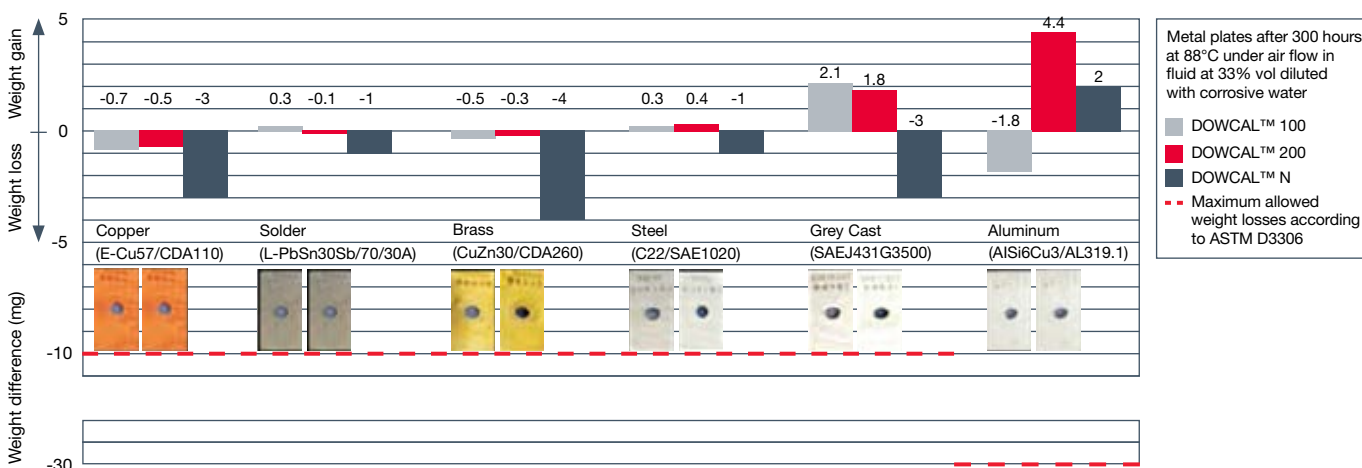
The following data show the comparatively low corrosion of widely used metals caused by DOWCAL™ Fluid/water mixtures. The results were derived from tests performed

according to the widely known ASTM D 1384 corrosion test method and represent the weight loss of metallic plates in milligrams per specimen due to corrosion (ASTM D 1384, 88°C for 2 weeks, glycol concentration 33% by volume, air bubbling, corrosive water contains 100 ppm Cl⁻, 100 ppm SO₄²⁻, 100 ppm HCO₃⁻).

DOWCAL™ Fluids fall well within the generally accepted corrosion limits considered adequate under this test. Rates in excess of 10 mg (30 mg for aluminum) are generally evidence of inadequate corrosion protection.

While the other fluids tested at a concentration of 33% by volume can also perform acceptably, solutions containing lower concentrations of fluid are frequently required. The tables on this page show ASTM D1384 corrosion test results under the same conditions for various coolants at a 20% concentration by volume. For comparison purposes, pure water and uninhibited propylene glycol and ethylene glycol are included. The data shows that the DOWCAL™ Fluids demonstrate effective corrosion protection on all metals while the alternative products were more corrosive to aluminum. The tests also demonstrated that water and uninhibited glycols are highly corrosive, reinforcing the need for inhibited fluid protection.

Metal Probes Cleaned After ASTM D1384 Corrosion Testing at a Concentration of 33% by Volume



Corrosion of Cast Aluminum Under Heat-Rejecting Conditions According to ASTM D 4340 at a concentration of 25% by volume Measured at BfB Oil Research S.A., Gembloux, Belgium, 05/2012 and 03/2013

ASTM D1384 Corrosion test Results at 20% Concentration by volume Ethylene Glycol (Weight Difference [mg])

		Non-inhibited ethylene glycol	Automotive coolant, MEG-based	OAT fluid, MEG-based	DOWCAL™ 100 Solution
1	Copper	-19	-1.4	-0.8	-0.6
2	Solder	-46	-1.1	-0.8	-0.8
3	Brass	-29	-0.4	-0.4	-0.9
4	Mild steel	-819	0.5	0.7	-0.2
5	Cast iron	-642	1.8	1.6	2.7
6	Aluminum	-111	-10.2	-16.0	0.1

Typical values, not to be construed as specifications. Users should confirm results by their own tests.



ASTM D1384 Corrosion test Results at 20% Concentration by volume Propylene Glycol (Weight Difference [mg])

		Non-inhibited propylene glycol	Industrial propylene glycol coolant	Alternative OAT fluid	DOWCAL™ 200 Solution
1	Copper	-12	-0.5	-1.3	-0.3
2	Solder	-55	-1	-1.8	-0.5
3	Brass	-31	-0.7	-1.4	0.3
4	Mild steel	-969	0.7	0.3	0.6
5	Cast iron	-700	1.5	0.3	1.3
6	Aluminum	-150	-11.3	-22	0.7

Typical values, not to be construed as specifications. Users should confirm results by their own tests.



Using DOWCAL™ Fluids

Material compatibility

Compatibility with metals, plastics and rubbers

Solutions of DOWCAL™ Fluids are compatible with all metals, with the exception of zinc. The heat transfer fluid can dissolve zinc when hot and should, therefore, not be used in galvanized pipelines.

DOWCAL™ Fluids are compatible with most plastics and rubbers, such that they can be considered industry standards. The following table provides a list of compatible plastics and rubbers together with the materials' maximum recommended temperatures (in some cases the maximum use temperature is for the plastics, regardless of the fluid).

Materials	Ethylene glycol based fluids	Propylene glycol based fluids	Rubbers		
Plastics			Butyl GR-1	93°C	
ABS	66°C	32°C	Fluoro Elastomers Viton A	182°C	38°C
Acrylics	32°C		Fluoro Elastomers KEL-F 3700	99°C	
Chlorinated polymer	110°C		Hard rubber	93°C	
CPVC	93°C ^a	93°C ^b	Chlorosulfonated polyethylene (CSPE)	99°C	
Epoxy	143°C	99°C(U) ^c	Koroseal	71°C	
Fluorocarbons FEP	199°C	199°C	Natural rubber (GRS)	71°C	
Fluorocarbons TFE	249°C	249°C	Neoprene GR-M (CR)	77°C	32°C
Noryl	66°C		Nitrile Buna M (NBR)	88°C	32°C
Polyamides – Nylon	99°C		NORDEL™ EPDM	154°C	
Bisphenol A-Fumarate	110°C	88°C	Polyurethane	38°C	
Hydrogenated Bisphenol A-Bisphenol A	104°C	93°C			
Isophthalic	43°C(U) ^c	88°C			
Chlorinated polyesters	127°C	104°C			
Polystyrenes	77°C				
Polyethylene	71°C	66°C			
Polypropylene	116°C	66°C			
PVC – Type 1	49°C	49°C ^d			
PVC – Type 2	49°C	49°C ^d			
Polyvinylidene chloride	88°C				
Vinylidene fluoride	143°C	138°C			
Vinyl ester	104°C	104°C			
Polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA)		70°C			

(a) But only if the solution contains 50% or less of ethylene glycol, according to BF Goodrich

(b) But not in a solution containing more than 25% of propylene glycol, according to BF Goodrich

(c) When U follows a recommended temperature range, the fluid was found to cause a problem with the plastic above the range, and is therefore unsuitable at higher temperatures

(d) The Geon Company, a major manufacturer of PVC resins and compounds, cautions against using PVC above 49°C

(e) Tested by Ecofys Netherlands BV, 2008

Table Sources: "Corrosion Resistance Tables," Second Edition, Philip A. Schweiter, P.E., 1986 BF Goodrich and The Geon Company

These are typical properties, not to be construed as specifications.

Fluid dilution requirements

Whenever possible, DOWCAL™ Fluids should be diluted with demineralized or distilled water. DOWCAL™ Fluids can also be mixed with other water within the limits of the following table. Local tap water typically meets these requirements. If water of adequate quality is not available, Dow or Dow's local distributor can supply ready-to-use solutions of DOWCAL™ Fluids.

Dilution water quality requirements

	DOWCAL™ Fluids
Chloride	<400 ppm*
Sulphate	<400 ppm*
Total hardness	<450 ppm (25°dH)

*<100 ppm if the system contains aluminum or aluminum alloy components

Using DOWCAL™ Fluids (continued)

Fluid handling

Storage of DOWCAL™ Fluids

DOWCAL™ Fluids require no special climate storage precautions. DOWCAL™ Fluids and fluid solutions should be stored in plastic storage containers rather than metallic containers. Zinc, in particular, is not resistant to undiluted DOWCAL™ Fluids. Therefore, exposure of zinc or zinc coatings to pure DOWCAL™ Fluids should be avoided.

When properly stored, DOWCAL™ Fluids will meet sales specification requirements for a period of at least 24 months from date of production in Dow. Continued storage beyond the designated shelf life does not necessarily make the fluid unsuitable for use. Dow offers a fluid analysis service to evaluate fluid condition after prolonged storage.

Disposal of solutions of DOWCAL™ Fluids

The primary component of DOWCAL™ Fluids, propylene or ethylene glycol, is readily biodegradable and it is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms. However, any disposal practice must be in compliance with all local and national laws and regulations. Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water.

Fluid flammability and fire hazards

When mixed with water in concentrations of up to 80%, DOWCAL™ Fluids are nonflammable since they have no measurable flash points. Therefore, they pose no fire hazard in most applications. The following flashpoint and fire point values apply to pure DOWCAL™ Fluids.

Fluid flammability

	DOWCAL™ 100	DOWCAL™ 200	DOWCAL™ N
Flash point, °C	120	101	101
Ignition temperature, °C	435	420	420

System design

Like all other fluids, solutions containing DOWCAL™ Fluids expand as temperatures increase. Expansion tanks are commonly used in systems containing DOWCAL™ Fluids. Expansion tanks must be sized appropriately. To determine the volume required for expansion, the formula given on this page can be used.

$$\Delta V = \frac{\rho(T_{low}) - \rho(T_{high})}{\rho(T_{high})} \times V$$

where: $\rho(T_{low})$ = the density at the lowest anticipated temperature

$\rho(T_{high})$ = the density at the highest anticipated temperature

Preparing new systems for use of DOWCAL™ Fluids

When preparing new equipment for systems using DOWCAL™ heat transfer fluids, it is good practice to remove oil, grease or protective coatings that may have been applied during fabrication, construction or storage following the equipment manufacturer's recommendations. The system should be free of all foreign matter and debris before any cleaning procedure. Chemical cleaning of new systems can be performed with a 1 to 2 wt% solution of water and trisodium phosphate.

After cleaning the system, it must be thoroughly flushed with clean soft water prior to adding DOWCAL™ Fluids. After pressure-testing with water or a solution of DOWCAL™ Fluid, systems should be left in the filled state to avoid pitting at the liquid/air phase boundary. If systems that have been filled with water or a solution of DOWCAL™ Fluid need to be drained and cannot be refilled within a few days, they should be thoroughly rinsed and dried.

Preparing existing systems for use of DOWCAL™ Fluids

When changing from another heat transfer fluid to a DOWCAL™ Fluid, systems should be carefully cleaned to remove all traces of the previous fluid and any deposits which may be present. To help ensure optimum performance of the DOWCAL™ Fluid, it is very important to remove any corrosion and replace damaged seals before filling the system. When replacing brine solutions, special care should be taken to remove all scale and corrosion deposits that may have built up.

It is particularly important to remove calcium deposits and chlorides. Residual calcium will react with, and deplete, the inhibitors in DOWCAL™ Fluids, reducing the products' corrosion protection capabilities. Chlorides are potentially corrosive to the system if present at high levels. For large or severely corroded systems, it is recommended that a professional cleaning organization be consulted.

When changing from another glycol-based heat transfer fluid, compatibility of the fluid with DOWCAL™ Fluid should be checked. If the fluids are compatible and if the system is still in proper condition, the system can be filled with a DOWCAL™ Fluid.

Expert technical support

As a Dow heat transfer fluids customer, you have direct access to our industry-leading heat transfer expertise, including our in-depth and highly diversified application experience. Dow heat transfer specialists will help you select the exact fluid you require, then work with you to properly install and optimize fluid operation for best results. Contact us as indicated on the back of this brochure to learn more about our services and to begin working with our experts on your successful heat transfer project.

Using DOWCAL™ Fluids (continued)

Fluid analysis recommendations

Experience confirms that DOWCAL™ Fluids can be used in installations for many years. However, the concentration of DOWCAL™ Fluids and the products' functional performance should be checked at intervals of one to two years. Please refer to the back cover of this brochure to find the toll-free number of the Dow Customer Information Group and ask for our fluid analysis procedure.

Heat transfer fluid selection calculator

FLUIDFILE™ Software is designed to enable fast, efficient evaluation of the properties and performance of Dow heat transfer fluids under your actual system conditions, and in the units of measure you prefer. It makes choosing the right fluid easier and more convenient for both experienced professionals and first-time system designers.

You won't need prior experience with Dow heat transfer fluids to obtain the information you need to select the right fluid. To assist in your fluid decision-making, FLUIDFILE™ Software provides an overview of our fluids line, guidance in choosing a fluid chemistry including application information, plus profiles of the individual fluids. FLUIDFILE™ Software can be accessed from www.dow.com website.

Glycol Based Fluid Calculator

	Single temperature and concentration	Temperature range	Concentration range
ETHYLENE GLYCOL BASED <input type="checkbox"/> DOWCAL™ 100 <input type="checkbox"/> DOWCAL™ 100E	Temperature <input type="range"/>		20 °C
PROPYLENE GLYCOL BASED <input type="checkbox"/> DOWCAL™ 200 <input type="checkbox"/> DOWCAL™ 200E <input type="checkbox"/> DOWCAL™ N	Concentration <input type="range"/>		35 %
OTHER <input type="checkbox"/> WATER	Percent glycol <input checked="" type="radio"/> % Volume fluid <input type="radio"/> % Weight glycol <input type="radio"/> % Weight fluid		
UNITS <input type="radio"/> English <input checked="" type="radio"/> SI	Diameter <input type="range"/>		27.2 mm
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Pipe <input type="radio"/> Tube		
	Volumetric flow: <input type="range"/>		6.28 m³/hour
	Fluid velocity <input type="range"/>		3.00 m/sec



Product information for DOWCAL™ 100 Fluid

DOWCAL™ 100 is an ethylene glycol-based heat transfer fluid used in various industrial applications, highly recommended for heating applications.

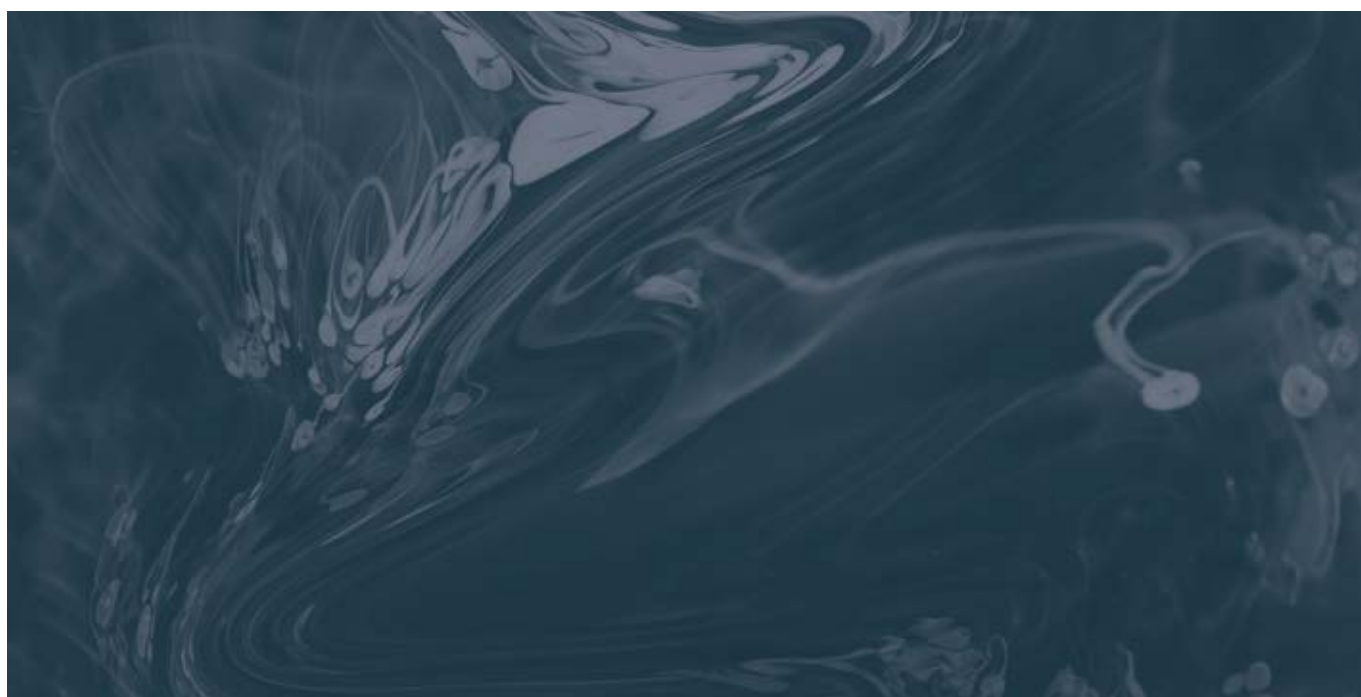
Key benefits of DOWCAL™ 100

- Improved corrosion protection, in particular for aluminum alloys
- Hard water stability to enable use with local tap water
- Compatible with commonly used elastomers
- Long fluid lifetime, lowering maintenance cost

Typical properties of DOWCAL™ 100 Heat Transfer Fluid †

Properties, test conditions	Units	Values
Composition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ethylene glycol • Inhibitors and water 	%wt	91 9
Color		Colorless
Density at 20°C	g/cm ³	1.135
pH of solution (50% vol. in water)		7.6 – 8.2
Reserve alkalinity	mL (0.1 N HCl)	10
Freeze point (50% vol. in water)	°C	-38

† Typical properties not to be construed as specification, complete sales specification is available on request.



Physical properties of DOWCAL™ 100 Fluid

Typical freezing, boiling points and other properties of DOWCAL™ 100 Fluid †*

DOWCAL™ 100 %vol	DOWCAL™ 100 %wt	Freezing point °C	Refractive index @ 20°C	Boiling point °C @ 1 bara	Density g/cm ³ @ 20°C	Dyn. viscosity mPa.s @ 20°C	Kin. viscosity mm ² /s @ 20°C
5.0	5.6	-2.1	1.3386	100.5	0.983	1.07	1.03
10.0	11.2	-4.3	1.3442	101.1	1.001	1.26	1.22
15.0	16.7	-6.7	1.3498	101.7	1.016	1.49	1.43
20.0	22.1	-9.4	1.3554	102.4	1.029	1.77	1.69
21.0	23.2	-10.0	1.3565	102.5	1.031	1.83	1.75
22.0	24.3	-10.6	1.3576	102.7	1.033	1.89	1.81
23.0	25.3	-11.3	1.3588	102.8	1.036	1.96	1.87
24.0	26.4	-11.9	1.3599	102.9	1.038	2.03	1.93
25.0	27.5	-12.6	1.3610	103.1	1.040	2.09	1.99
26.0	28.5	-13.2	1.3621	103.2	1.042	2.17	2.06
27.0	29.6	-14.0	1.3632	103.3	1.044	2.24	2.13
28.0	30.6	-14.7	1.3643	103.5	1.046	2.32	2.20
29.0	31.7	-15.4	1.3654	103.6	1.048	2.40	2.27
30.0	32.7	-16.2	1.3665	103.8	1.050	2.48	2.35
31.0	33.8	-17.0	1.3676	103.9	1.052	2.57	2.43
32.0	34.8	-17.8	1.3687	104.0	1.053	2.65	2.51
33.0	35.9	-18.7	1.3698	104.2	1.055	2.75	2.59
34.0	36.9	-19.5	1.3709	104.3	1.057	2.84	2.68
35.0	38.0	-20.4	1.3720	104.5	1.059	2.94	2.77
36.0	39.0	-21.4	1.3731	104.6	1.060	3.04	2.86
37.0	40.0	-22.3	1.3742	104.8	1.062	3.14	2.96
38.0	41.0	-23.3	1.3752	104.9	1.064	3.25	3.06
39.0	42.1	-24.3	1.3763	105.1	1.065	3.36	3.16
40.0	43.1	-25.4	1.3774	105.2	1.067	3.48	3.27
41.0	44.1	-26.4	1.3785	105.4	1.068	3.60	3.38
42.0	45.1	-27.5	1.3796	105.5	1.070	3.72	3.49
43.0	46.1	-28.7	1.3806	105.7	1.071	3.85	3.60
44.0	47.2	-29.9	1.3817	105.9	1.073	3.98	3.73
45.0	48.2	-31.1	1.3828	106.0	1.074	4.12	3.85
46.0	49.2	-32.3	1.3838	106.2	1.076	4.26	3.98
47.0	50.2	-33.6	1.3849	106.4	1.077	4.41	4.11
48.0	51.2	-34.9	1.3859	106.5	1.079	4.56	4.25
49.0	52.2	-36.3	1.3870	106.7	1.080	4.71	4.39
50.0	53.2	-37.7	1.3880	106.9	1.081	4.88	4.54
51.0	54.2	-39.1	1.3891	107.1	1.083	5.04	4.69
52.0	55.2	-40.6	1.3901	107.3	1.084	5.22	4.85
53.0	56.2	-42.1	1.3912	107.5	1.085	5.40	5.01
54.0	57.1	-43.7	1.3922	107.7	1.087	5.58	5.18
55.0	58.1	-45.3	1.3932	107.9	1.088	5.77	5.35
60.0	63.0	<-51	1.3983	109.2	1.094	6.84	6.31
65.0	67.8	<-51	1.4033	110.8	1.100	8.10	7.43
70.0	72.6	<-51	1.4082	112.8	1.105	9.59	8.76
75.0	77.3	<-51	1.4130	115.4	1.111	11.4	10.3
80.0	82.0	<-51	1.4176	118.8	1.116	13.4	12.2
85.0	86.6	-50.9	1.4220	123.2	1.120	15.9	14.4
90.0	91.1	-40.8	1.4264	128.9	1.125	18.8	16.9
95.0	95.6	-34.5	1.4305	136.1	1.129	22.3	19.9
100.0	100.0	-28.7	1.4345	145.1	1.134	26.4	23.5

† Typical properties, not to be construed as specifications.

* Temperature-dependent physical properties are provided in the FLUIDFILE™ Software.

Generally, for an extended margin of protection you should select a temperature in this table that is at least 3°C lower than the expected lowest ambient temperature. Contact Dow for information and further assistance with specific cases.

Product information for DOWCAL™ 200 Fluid

DOWCAL™ 200 is a propylene glycol-based heat transfer fluid for use in a wide range of applications, mainly recommended for heating applications. Low acute toxicity makes DOWCAL™ 200 especially suitable for applications where toxicity is a concern.

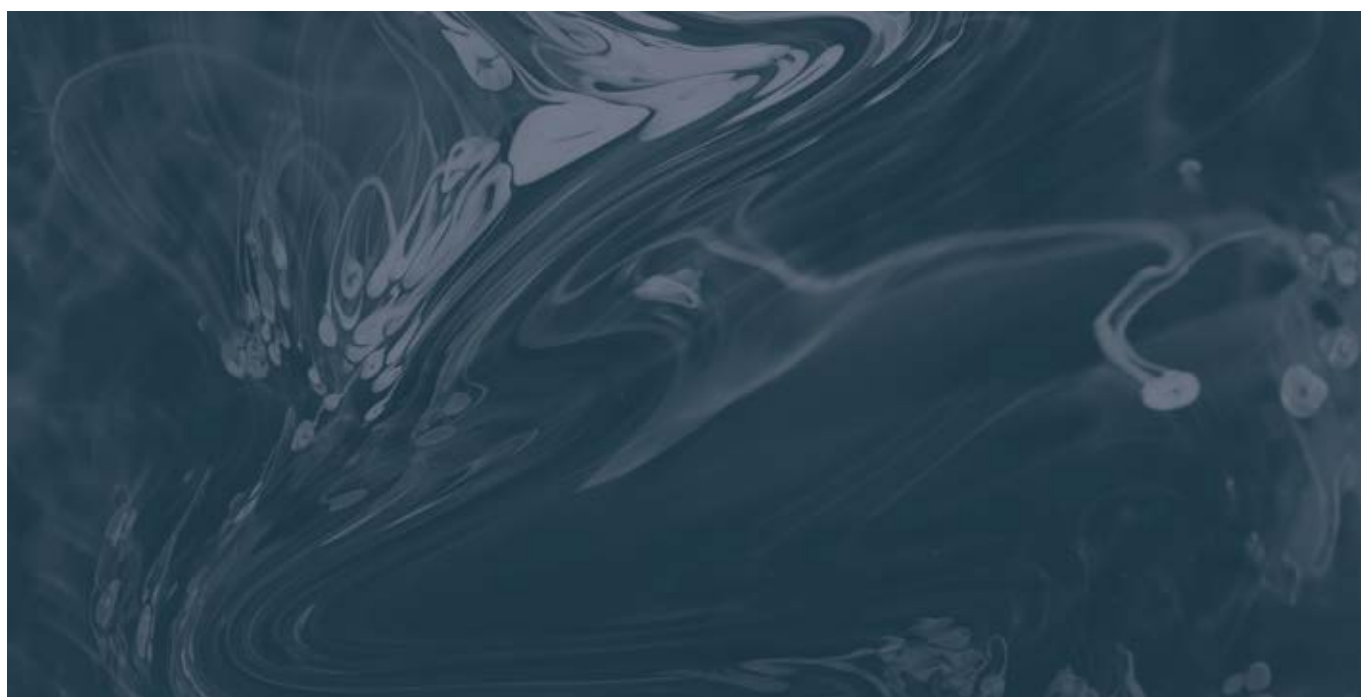
Key benefits of DOWCAL™ 200

- Improved corrosion protection, in particular for aluminum alloys
- Hard water stability to enable use with local tap water
- Compatible with commonly used elastomers
- Long fluid lifetime, lowering maintenance cost

Typical properties of DOWCAL™ 200 Heat Transfer Fluid †

Properties, test conditions	Units	Values
Composition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Propylene glycol • Inhibitors and water 	%wt	92 8
Color		Colorless
Density at 20°C	g/cm ³	1.050
pH of solution	(50% vol. in water)	7.2 – 7.6
Reserve alkalinity	mL (0.1 N HCl)	10
Freeze point (50% vol. in water)	°C	-33

† Typical properties not to be construed as specification, complete sales specification is available on request.



Physical properties of DOWCAL™ 200 Fluid

Typical freezing, boiling points and other properties of DOWCAL™ 200 Fluid †*

DOWCAL™ 200 %vol	DOWCAL™ 200 %wt	Freezing point °C	Refractive index @ 20°C	Boiling point °C @ 1 bara	Density g/cm ³ @ 20°C	Dyn. viscosity mPa.s @ 20°C	Kin. viscosity mm ² /s @ 20°C
5.0	5.3	-1.6	1.3391	100	1.006	1.36	1.95
10.0	10.5	-3.3	1.3452	100	1.011	1.62	1.66
15.0	15.8	-5.3	1.3513	101	1.015	1.93	1.81
20.0	20.9	-7.5	1.3573	101	1.020	2.30	2.11
21.0	22.0	-8.0	1.3585	101	1.021	2.39	2.18
22.0	23.0	-8.5	1.3597	101	1.022	2.48	2.26
23.0	24.0	-9.1	1.3609	101	1.022	2.57	2.34
24.0	25.1	-9.6	1.3621	102	1.023	2.66	2.42
25.0	26.1	-10.2	1.3633	102	1.024	2.76	2.51
26.0	27.1	-10.8	1.3645	102	1.025	2.87	2.61
27.0	28.2	-11.4	1.3657	102	1.026	2.97	2.71
28.0	29.2	-12.1	1.3669	102	1.027	3.09	2.81
29.0	30.2	-12.7	1.3681	102	1.028	3.20	2.92
30.0	31.2	-13.4	1.3693	102	1.029	3.33	3.04
31.0	32.3	-14.1	1.3704	102	1.030	3.45	3.16
32.0	33.3	-14.8	1.3716	102	1.031	3.58	3.29
33.0	34.3	-15.6	1.3728	102	1.032	3.72	3.42
34.0	35.3	-16.4	1.3739	102	1.033	3.87	3.56
35.0	36.3	-17.2	1.3751	102	1.034	4.02	3.70
36.0	37.4	-18.0	1.3762	103	1.035	4.17	3.85
37.0	38.4	-18.9	1.3774	103	1.036	4.34	4.01
38.0	39.4	-19.8	1.3785	103	1.037	4.51	4.17
39.0	40.4	-20.7	1.3797	103	1.038	4.68	4.35
40.0	41.4	-21.7	1.3808	103	1.039	4.87	4.53
41.0	42.4	-22.7	1.3820	103	1.039	5.06	4.71
42.0	43.4	-23.7	1.3831	103	1.040	5.26	4.91
43.0	44.4	-24.8	1.3842	103	1.041	5.47	5.12
44.0	45.4	-25.8	1.3853	103	1.042	5.69	5.33
45.0	46.4	-27.0	1.3864	103	1.043	5.92	5.55
46.0	47.5	-28.1	1.3875	104	1.044	6.16	5.79
47.0	48.5	-29.3	1.3886	104	1.045	6.40	6.03
48.0	49.5	-30.5	1.3897	104	1.046	6.66	6.29
49.0	50.5	-31.8	1.3908	104	1.047	6.93	6.55
50.0	51.5	-33.1	1.3919	104	1.048	7.22	6.83
51.0	52.5	-34.5	1.3930	105	1.048	7.51	7.12
52.0	53.5	-35.9	1.3941	105	1.049	7.82	7.42
53.0	54.4	-37.3	1.3951	105	1.050	8.14	7.74
54.0	55.4	-38.7	1.3962	105	1.051	8.48	8.07
55.0	56.4	-40.3	1.3973	105	1.052	8.83	8.41
60.0	61.4	-48.5	1.4024	107	1.056	10.8	10.4
65.0	66.3	<-51	1.4074	108	1.059	13.3	12.8
70.0	71.2	<-51	1.4122	109	1.062	16.5	15.8
75.0	76.1	<-51	1.4168	111	1.064	20.4	19.5
80.0	80.9	<-51	1.4212	113	1.066	25.4	24.1
85.0	85.7	<-51	1.4253	116	1.066	31.6	29.8
90.0	90.5	<-51	1.4291	121	1.065	39.5	36.9
95.0	95.3	<-51	1.4327	129	1.062	49.5	45.7
100.0	100.0	<-51	1.4360	142	1.057	62.3	56.5

† Typical properties, not to be construed as specifications.

* Temperature-dependent physical properties are provided in the FLUIDFILE™ Software.

Generally, for an extended margin of protection you should select a temperature in this table that is at least 3°C lower than the expected lowest ambient temperature. Contact Dow for information and further assistance with specific cases.

Product information for DOWCAL™ 100E Fluid

DOWCAL™ 100E is an ethylene glycol-based heat transfer fluid especially suitable for use in cooling applications such as pharmaceutical and specialty chemical industry.

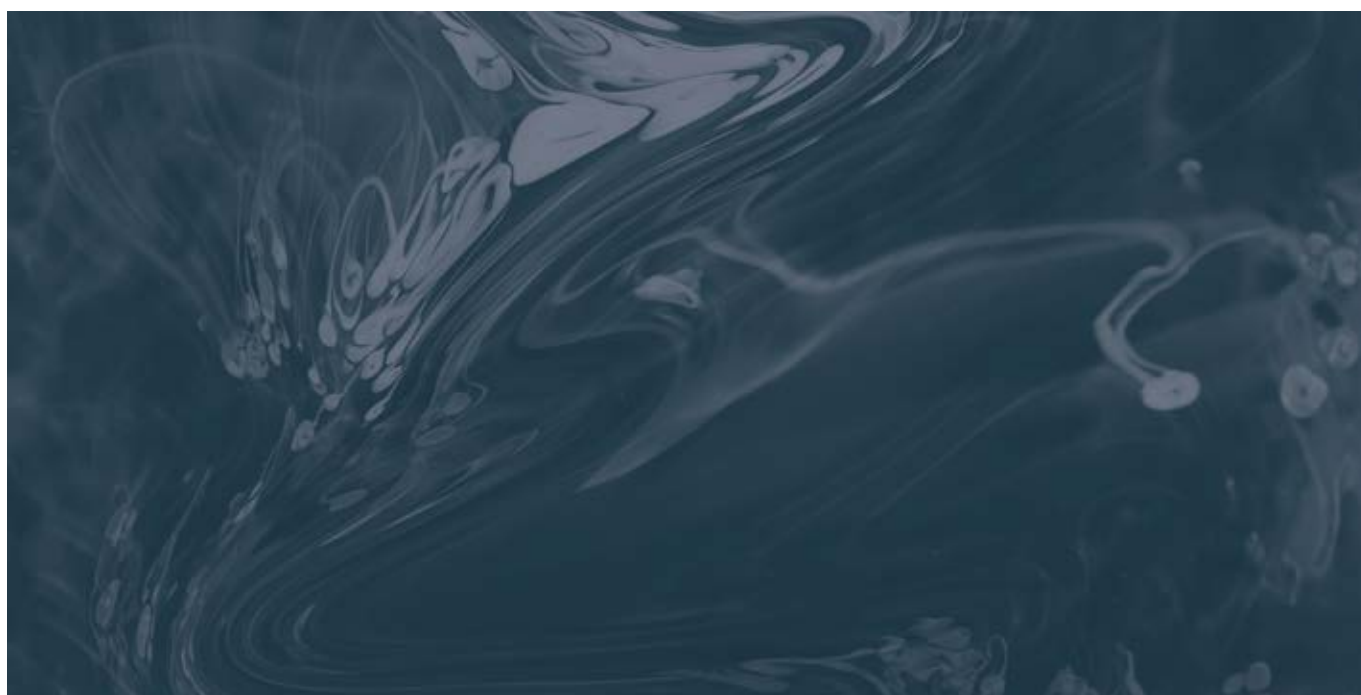
Key benefits of DOWCAL™ 100E

- Improved corrosion protection, in particular for aluminum alloys
- Suitable for cooling, chilling and freeze protection
- Hard water stability to enable use with local tap water
- Compatible with commonly used elastomers
- Long fluid lifetime, lowering maintenance cost
- Free of borate and nitrate

Typical properties of DOWCAL™ 100E Heat Transfer Fluid †

Properties, test conditions	Units	Values
Composition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Propylene glycol • Inhibitors and water 	%wt	94 6
Color		Colorless
Density at 20°C	g/cm ³	1.114
pH of solution	(50% vol. in water)	8.0 – 8.8
Reserve alkalinity	mL (0.1 N HCl)	9.5
Freeze point (50% vol. in water)	°C	-37

† Typical properties not to be construed as specification, complete sales specification is available on request.



Physical properties of DOWCAL™ 100E Fluid

Typical freezing, boiling points and other properties of DOWCAL™ 100E Fluid †*

DOWCAL™ 100E %vol	DOWCAL™ 100E %wt	Freezing point °C	Refractive index @ 20°C	Boiling point °C @ 1 bara	Density g/cm ³ @ 20°C	Dyn. viscosity mPa.s @ 20°C	Kin. viscosity mm ² /s @ 20°C
5.0	5.6	-1.6	1.3389	101	1.003	1.23	1.23
10.0	11.0	-3.6	1.3443	101	1.012	1.40	1.38
15.0	16.4	-6.1	1.3498	102	1.020	1.59	1.56
20.0	21.7	-9.0	1.3551	102	1.028	1.82	1.77
21.0	22.7	-9.7	1.3562	103	1.030	1.87	1.81
22.0	23.8	-10.3	1.3573	103	1.032	1.92	1.86
23.0	24.8	-11.0	1.3583	103	1.033	1.97	1.91
24.0	25.9	-11.7	1.3594	103	1.035	2.02	1.96
25.0	26.9	-12.5	1.3605	103	1.036	2.08	2.01
26.0	27.9	-13.2	1.3615	103	1.038	2.14	2.06
27.0	29.0	-14.0	1.3626	103	1.039	2.19	2.11
28.0	30.0	-14.8	1.3637	103	1.040	2.25	2.17
29.0	31.0	-15.6	1.3647	104	1.042	2.32	2.22
30.0	32.0	-16.4	1.3658	104	1.043	2.38	2.28
31.0	33.1	-17.2	1.3668	104	1.045	2.45	2.34
32.0	34.1	-18.1	1.3679	104	1.046	2.52	2.41
33.0	35.1	-19.0	1.3689	104	1.048	2.59	2.47
34.0	36.1	-19.9	1.3699	104	1.049	2.66	2.54
35.0	37.1	-20.8	1.3710	104	1.050	2.74	2.61
36.0	38.1	-21.7	1.3720	105	1.052	2.82	2.68
37.0	39.1	-22.7	1.3731	105	1.053	2.90	2.75
38.0	40.1	-23.7	1.3741	105	1.054	2.98	2.83
39.0	41.1	-24.7	1.3751	105	1.056	3.06	2.90
40.0	42.1	-25.7	1.3761	105	1.057	3.15	2.98
41.0	43.1	-26.7	1.3772	105	1.058	3.24	3.07
42.0	44.1	-27.8	1.3782	106	1.059	3.34	3.15
43.0	45.1	-28.9	1.3792	106	1.061	3.44	3.24
44.0	46.1	-30.0	1.3802	106	1.062	3.54	3.33
45.0	47.1	-31.1	1.3812	106	1.063	3.64	3.43
46.0	48.0	-32.2	1.3823	106	1.064	3.75	3.52
47.0	49.0	-33.4	1.3833	106	1.066	3.86	3.62
48.0	50.0	-34.6	1.3843	107	1.067	3.98	3.73
49.0	51.0	-35.8	1.3853	107	1.068	4.10	3.83
50.0	52.0	-37.0	1.3863	107	1.069	4.22	3.95
51.0	52.9	-38.2	1.3873	107	1.070	4.35	4.06
52.0	53.9	-39.5	1.3883	107	1.072	4.48	4.18
53.0	54.9	-40.8	1.3893	108	1.073	4.62	4.30
54.0	55.9	-42.1	1.3902	108	1.074	4.76	4.43
55.0	56.8	-43.4	1.3912	108	1.075	4.90	4.56
60.0	61.7	-50.3	1.3961	109	1.081	5.72	5.29
65.0	66.5	<-51	1.4009	111	1.086	6.70	6.17
70.0	71.3	<-51	1.4056	113	1.091	7.88	7.22
75.0	76.0	<-51	1.4130	115	1.096	9.33	8.51
80.0	80.8	<-51	1.4148	119	1.101	11.1	10.1
85.0	85.6	-50.9	1.4192	123	1.106	13.4	12.1
90.0	90.3	-40.8	1.4236	129	1.111	16.3	14.7
95.0	95.1	-34.5	1.4278	136	1.115	20.2	18.1
100.0	100.0	-28.7	1.4319	145	1.119	25.7	22.9

† Typical properties, not to be construed as specifications.

* Temperature-dependent physical properties are provided in the FLUIDFILE™ Software.

Generally, for an extended margin of protection you should select a temperature in this table that is at least 3°C lower than the expected lowest ambient temperature. Contact Dow for information and further assistance with specific cases.

Product information DOWCAL™ 200E Fluid

DOWCAL™ 200E is a propylene glycol-based heat transfer fluid for use in a wide range of applications, including HVAC (Heating, Ventilation & Air Conditioning), freeze protection and other industrial usage. Low acute toxicity makes DOWCAL™ 200E especially suitable for applications where toxicity is a concern.

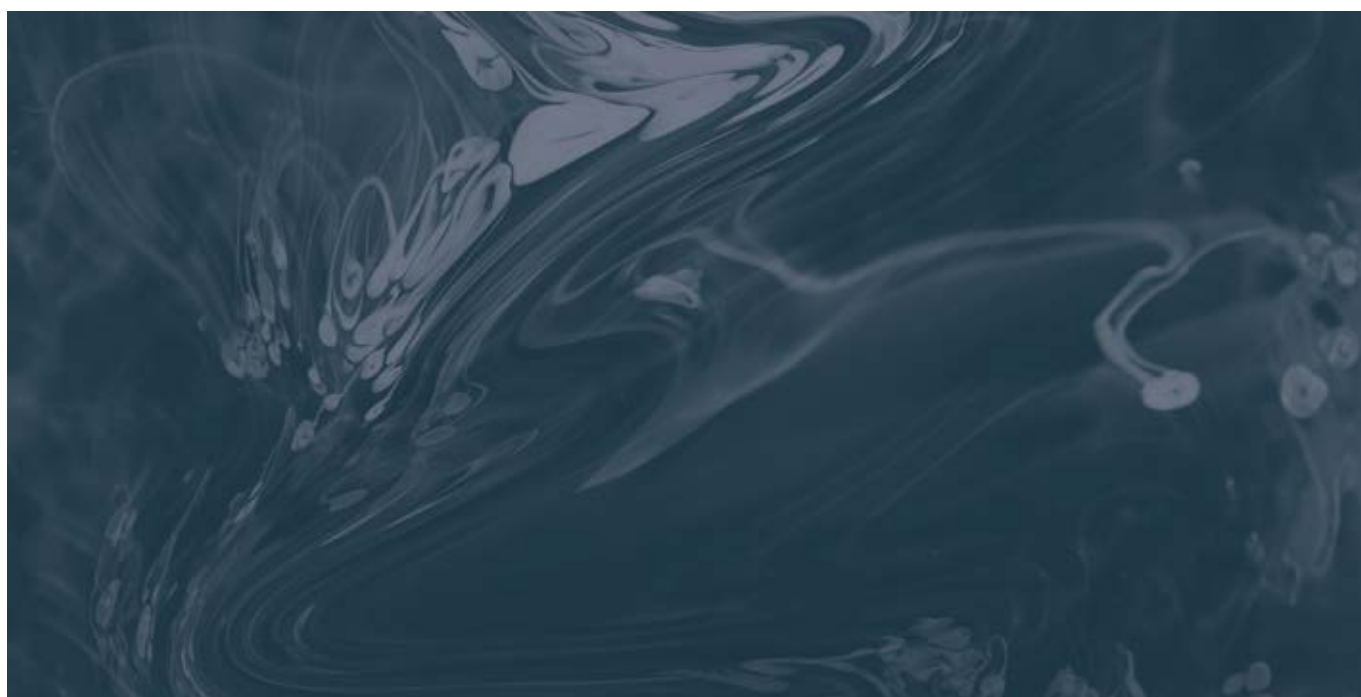
Key benefits of DOWCAL™ 200E

- Improved corrosion protection, in particular for aluminum alloys
- Hard water stability to enable use with local tap water
- Compatible with commonly used elastomers
- Long fluid lifetime, lowering maintenance cost
- Free of borate and nitrate

Typical properties of DOWCAL™ 200E Heat Transfer Fluid †

Properties, test conditions	Units	Values
Composition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Propylene glycol • Inhibitors and water 	%wt	94 6
Color		Colorless
Density at 20°C	g/cm ³	1.043
pH of solution	(50% vol. in water)	7.7 – 8.5
Reserve alkalinity	mL (0.1 N HCl)	9.0
Freeze point (50% vol. in water)	°C	-32

† Typical properties not to be construed as specification, complete sales specification is available on request.



Physical properties of DOWCAL™ 200E Fluid

Typical freezing, boiling points and other properties of DOWCAL™ 200E Fluid †*

DOWCAL™ 200E %vol	DOWCAL™ 200E %wt	Freezing point °C	Refractive index @ 20°C	Boiling point °C @ 1 bara	Density g/cm ³ @ 20°C	Dyn. viscosity mPa.s @ 20°C	Kin. viscosity mm ² /s @ 20°C
5.0	5.2	-1.2	1.3392	100	0.998	1.25	1.26
10.0	10.4	-2.8	1.3451	100	1.005	1.51	1.50
15.0	15.5	-4.7	1.3510	101	1.011	1.82	1.80
20.0	20.5	-7.0	1.3568	101	1.016	2.19	2.15
21.0	21.5	-7.5	1.3580	101	1.017	2.27	2.23
22.0	22.5	-8.0	1.3591	101	1.019	2.36	2.31
23.0	23.5	-8.6	1.3603	102	1.020	2.45	2.40
24.0	24.5	-9.2	1.3614	102	1.021	2.54	2.49
25.0	25.5	-9.8	1.3626	102	1.022	2.64	2.58
26.0	26.5	-10.4	1.3637	102	1.022	2.74	5.68
27.0	27.5	-11.0	1.3649	102	1.023	2.84	2.77
28.0	28.5	-11.7	1.3661	102	1.024	2.95	2.88
29.0	29.5	-12.4	1.3672	102	1.025	3.06	2.98
30.0	30.5	-13.0	1.3683	102	1.026	3.18	3.09
31.0	31.5	-13.8	1.3695	102	1.027	3.30	3.21
32.0	32.5	-14.5	1.3706	102	1.028	3.42	3.33
33.0	33.4	-15.3	1.3718	102	1.029	3.55	3.45
34.0	34.4	-16.1	1.3729	102	1.030	3.69	3.58
35.0	35.4	-16.9	1.3740	102	1.030	3.83	3.71
36.0	36.4	-17.7	1.3751	103	1.031	3.97	3.85
37.0	37.4	-18.6	1.3763	103	1.032	4.12	4.00
38.0	38.4	-19.4	1.3774	103	1.033	4.28	4.15
39.0	39.3	-20.4	1.3785	103	1.033	4.45	4.30
40.0	40.3	-21.3	1.3796	103	1.034	4.62	4.46
41.0	41.3	-22.2	1.3807	103	1.035	4.79	4.63
42.0	42.3	-23.2	1.3818	103	1.036	4.98	4.80
43.0	43.3	-24.2	1.3829	103	1.036	5.17	4.99
44.0	44.2	-25.3	1.3840	103	1.037	5.36	5.17
45.0	45.2	-26.3	1.3851	103	1.038	5.57	5.37
46.0	46.2	-27.4	1.3862	104	1.038	5.78	5.57
47.0	47.2	-28.5	1.3873	104	1.039	6.01	5.78
48.0	48.2	-29.7	1.3883	104	1.039	6.24	6.00
49.0	49.1	-30.8	1.3894	104	1.040	6.48	6.23
50.0	50.1	-32.0	1.3905	104	1.040	6.73	6.47
51.0	51.1	-33.3	1.3915	105	1.041	6.99	6.71
52.0	52.1	-34.5	1.3926	105	1.041	7.26	6.97
53.0	53.0	-35.8	1.3936	105	1.042	7.54	7.23
54.0	54.0	-37.1	1.3947	105	1.042	7.83	7.51
55.0	55.0	-38.5	1.3957	105	1.043	8.13	7.80
60.0	59.9	-45.6	1.4008	107	1.045	9.84	9.42
65.0	64.8	<-51	1.4057	108	1.047	11.9	11.4
70.0	69.7	<-51	1.4104	109	1.048	14.5	13.9
75.0	74.6	<-51	1.4150	111	1.049	17.7	16.9
80.0	79.6	<-51	1.4193	113	1.049	21.8	20.7
85.0	84.6	<-51	1.4234	116	1.048	27.0	25.7
90.0	89.7	<-51	1.4272	121	1.047	34.1	32.6
95.0	94.8	<-51	1.4308	129	1.045	45.1	43.1
100.0	100.0	<-51	1.4340	142	1.042	68.9	66.1

† Typical properties, not to be construed as specifications.

* Temperature-dependent physical properties are provided in the FLUIDFILE™ Software.

Generally, for an extended margin of protection you should select a temperature in this table that is at least 3°C lower than the expected lowest ambient temperature. Contact Dow for information and further assistance with specific cases.

Product information for DOWCAL™ N Fluid

DOWCAL™ N is a propylene glycol-based fluid that is low in acute oral toxicity and widely used to depress freeze points in food and beverage processing and in other applications. It features a specially formulated corrosion inhibitor package.

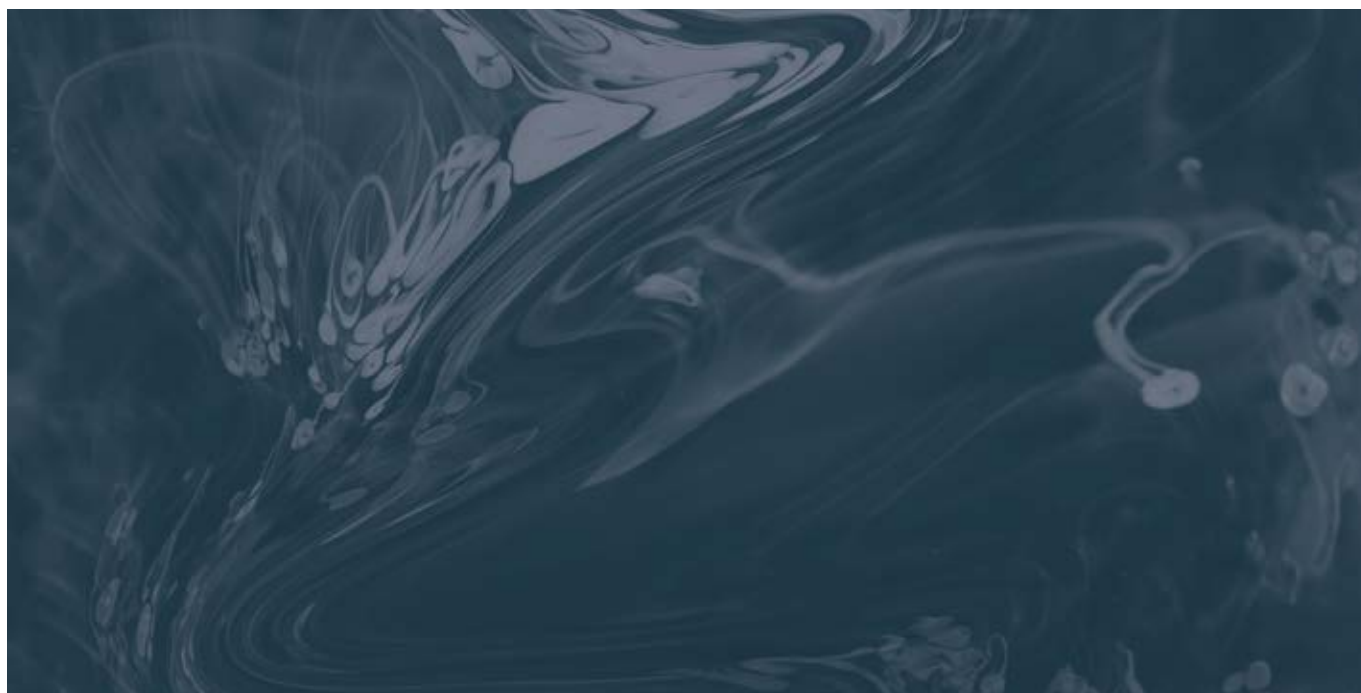
Key benefits of DOWCAL™ N

- Better freeze protection
- Approved by the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF)
- Compatible with commonly used elastomers
- Long fluid life and low maintenance costs
- Greater cost-effectiveness
- Low acute oral toxicity

Typical properties of DOWCAL™ N Heat Transfer Fluid †

Properties, test conditions	Units	Values
Composition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Propylene glycol • Inhibitors and water 	%wt	95.5 4.5
Color		Colorless
Density at 20°C	g/cm ³	1.050
pH of solution	(50% vol. in water)	9.5 – 10.5
Reserve alkalinity	mL (0.1 N HCl)	9
Freeze point (50% vol. in water)	°C	-31

† Typical properties not to be construed as specification, complete sales specification is available on request.



Physical properties of DOWCAL™ N Fluid

Typical freezing, boiling points and other properties of DOWCAL™ N Fluid †*

DOWCAL™ N %vol	DOWCAL™ N %wt	Freezing point °C	Refractive index @ 20°C	Boiling point °C @ 1 bara	Density g/cm ³ @ 20°C	Dyn. viscosity mPa.s @ 20°C	Kin. viscosity mm ² /s @ 20°C
5.0	5.2	-1.6	1.3383	100	1.004	1.2	1.2
10.0	10.5	-3.3	1.3438	100	1.009	1.4	1.4
15.1	15.7	-5.1	1.3495	100	1.014	1.6	1.6
20.3	20.9	-7.1	1.3555	101	1.020	2.0	2.0
21.3	22.0	-7.6	1.3567	101	1.021	2.0	2.0
22.4	23.0	-8.0	1.3579	101	1.022	2.1	2.1
23.4	24.1	-8.6	1.3591	101	1.023	2.2	2.2
24.5	25.1	-9.1	1.3603	101	1.023	2.3	2.2
25.5	26.2	-9.6	1.3615	101	1.024	2.4	2.3
26.5	27.2	-10.2	1.3627	101	1.025	2.5	2.4
27.6	28.3	-10.8	1.3639	101	1.026	2.6	2.5
28.6	29.3	-11.4	1.3651	102	1.027	2.7	2.6
29.7	30.4	-12.0	1.3663	102	1.028	2.9	2.8
30.7	31.4	-12.7	1.3675	102	1.029	3.0	2.9
31.8	32.5	-13.4	1.3687	102	1.030	3.1	3.0
32.8	33.5	-14.1	1.3698	102	1.031	3.3	3.2
33.9	34.6	-14.8	1.3710	102	1.032	3.4	3.3
35.0	35.6	-15.6	1.3721	102	1.032	3.5	3.4
36.0	36.6	-16.4	1.3733	103	1.033	3.7	3.6
37.1	37.7	-17.3	1.3744	103	1.034	3.9	3.8
38.2	38.7	-18.2	1.3756	103	1.035	4.0	3.9
39.2	39.8	-19.1	1.3767	103	1.036	4.2	4.1
40.3	40.8	-20.1	1.3779	103	1.036	4.4	4.2
41.4	41.9	-21.1	1.3790	104	1.037	4.5	4.3
42.4	42.9	-22.1	1.3802	104	1.038	4.7	4.5
43.5	44.0	-23.2	1.3813	104	1.039	4.8	4.6
44.5	45.0	-24.3	1.3825	104	1.039	5.0	4.8
45.7	46.1	-25.5	1.3836	104	1.040	5.2	5.0
46.7	47.1	-26.7	1.3847	104	1.041	5.4	5.2
47.8	48.2	-27.9	1.3858	104	1.041	5.6	5.4
48.9	49.2	-29.3	1.3870	104	1.042	5.8	5.6
50.0	50.3	-30.6	1.3881	105	1.043	6.1	5.8
51.1	51.3	-32.1	1.3892	105	1.043	6.3	6.0
52.2	52.4	-33.5	1.3903	106	1.044	6.6	6.3
53.2	53.4	-35.0	1.3914	106	1.045	6.9	6.6
54.3	54.5	-36.6	1.3924	106	1.045	7.2	6.9
55.4	55.5	-38.2	1.3935	106	1.046	7.6	7.3
60.6	60.7	-47.1	1.3987	107	1.048	9.3	8.9
61.7	61.8	-49.0	1.3998	107	1.049	9.7	9.2
62.7	62.8	-51.0	1.4008	107	1.049	10.0	9.5
68.0	68.1	-51.0	1.4058	108	1.052	11.7	11.1
73.2	73.3	-51.0	1.4104	110	1.054	14.2	13.5
78.4	78.5	-51.0	1.4150	114	1.055	17.1	16.2
83.6	83.8	-51.0	1.4193	118	1.054	21.2	20.1
88.9	89.0	-51.0	1.4235	125	1.053	26.0	24.7
94.1	94.2	-51.0	1.4275	132	1.052	33.4	31.7
100.0	100.0	-51.0	1.4320	165	1.051	35.7	34.0

† Typical properties, not to be construed as specifications.

* Temperature-dependent physical properties are provided in the FLUIDFILE™ Software.

Generally, for an extended margin of protection you should select a temperature in this table that is at least 3°C lower than the expected lowest ambient temperature. Contact Dow for information and further assistance with specific cases.

DOWCAL™ Fluids

Inhibited glycol-based heat transfer fluids

Guide to products and application



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Contact information

US

Toll Free 800 441 4DOW
989 832 1542

dow.com

International

Europe / Middle East + 800 36 94 63 67
Italy + 800 783 825
Asia / Pacific + 800 77 76 77 76
+ 60 37 958 3392
South Africa + 800 99 5078

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